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2018 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

	Threeforks Water Assocation
	Fublic Water System Name
-	1 int DWG 1D the formal Committee Wilder Committee Commi
œ	List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR
mus	e Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR ist be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon puest. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or till, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	☐ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)
	☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)
	☐ Email message (Email the message to the address below)
	□ Other
	Date(s) customers were informed: 6 / 26 /2019 / /2019 / /2019
	CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used
	Date Mailed/Distributed: / /
	CCR was distributed by Email (Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / /2019
	As a URL
	Elses T As an attachment
	☐ As text within the body of the email message
2	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
_	Name of Newspaper: Southern Sentine
	Date Published: 6 /26 / /9
]	CCR was posted in public places (Attack line of the
]	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / /2019 CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:
	organization (g
here bove ad c	eby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department
77	Work Williams Operator 6-27-19:
vamo	ne/Title (Board President, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.) Date
	Submission options (Select one method ONLY)
	Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700
	Jackson, MS 39215 Fax: (601) 576 - 7800 **Not a preferred method due to poor clarity**

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2019!

ALLEINES MATERIALITY

2019 JUN 21 AM 7: 32

2018 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Three Forks Water Association PWS ID#: 0700014 June 2019

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Ripley Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Three Forks Water Association have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Brian Wilbanks at 662.223.9195. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Thursday of each month at 7:00 PM at the water office.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2018, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST R	ESUL	ΓS		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganio	c Contar	ninants	•					
10. Barium	N	2016*	.1723	.16621723	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17*	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

16. Fluoride	N	2016*	.127	.122127	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectio	n By	-Product	s			,		191
Disinfectio 82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	n By-	2016*	1.31	No Range	ppb	0	8	By-product of drinking water chlorination.

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2018.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Three Forks Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

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2013 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Three Forks Water Association PWS IDP 0700018

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DAMPORE C. Salvallo

Continuent	Violation YRI	Date Collected	Layor Detector	Range of Datects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Monture Monture	MCLO	MCL	Unally Source of Contemination
inorganic	Conta	minante					Med A	
10. Badum	H.	2018	5723	1862-,1723	PPKII	1	2	Discharge of drilling wantes; discharge from metal refinetter; crosion of hatter decoalts
14. Copper	A	2015/17*	1	0	s-pen	1.3	AL-1.3	Corrosion of flourehold pluribling ayelams; erosion of natural deposits leaching from wood processwithing
16. Pluorida	IN	20165	127	1222-122	con	100	11 334	TWO SERVICES AND THE SERVICES
	(A)							Emblen of natural deposits; visiter additive which promotes strong leads; of scharge from fertilizer and bluminum featuries.
17. Lead	×	2015/17*	2	0	opb	. 0	AL×18	Corresion of finusations phymbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	n By F	roducts						
82. TTHM Total	N.S.	2018	1.31	No Renge	peb	. 0	313	By-imoduct of drinking water chlorination.
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^{*} Most recent sample. No sample regulared for 2018.

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Againcy's Siste Uniting Water Entire at 1000-00-017.

Sorrie people may be more withoutable to contamiliants in tijfilding water then the general population immune comprehised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chlamidiseapy, contains who have undergoine organ immagnitis, people with IVVAIDS or allow Immune system disorders, some addarty, and intente can be particularly at last from infections. Those people should seek advice about display dated from that health cure providers. EPIVCDC galdelines on appropriate meets to tessen the risk of infection by criptosportation and other microbiological contaminants are smallable from the Safe Orinking Waser Hollins 1,800,428,4781.

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Proof of Publication The State of Mississippi Tippah County

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for said County	peared before me a N y and State, the under Tim Watson	rsigned
published in the State, and that	e City of Ripley, in sai the	NTINEL, a newspaper
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Tim Watson	- 248	
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26 DAY	OF JUNE 2019	
Notary Public, Tip	ppah County, Mississip	ppi Commissio DAVIS
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A COPY OF YOUR DRINKING WATER REPORT, CCR, IS AVAILIABLE AT

http://www.msrwa.org/2018ccr/belmontwa.pdf

RICHMOND JR., WILSON 6460 MCCRACKEN RD HERNANDO MS 38632